## Chebogue Point Data Workshop

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## **FLEXPART tracer products for Chebogue Point**

Andreas Stohl

Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU), Norway

## **GOES Satellite imagery for Chebogue Point**

Owen Cooper

Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences - University of Colorado/NOAA Aeronomy Laboratory, Boulder

# Presentation of the webpage

http://niwot.al.noaa.gov:8088/icartt\_analysis

created by Andreas Stohl

Why does this webpage exist?

- 1. For your convenience
- To prevent you from using outdated back trajectories for interpreting valuable measurement data

# Why are trajectories outdated?

Trajectories are not state-of-the-art anymore

Trajectories provide no quantitative information

Trajectories do not include turbulence and convection

Trajectories can be VERY misleading

# The new way of doing things right

Use a particle dispersion model (FLEXPART) in backward dispersion mode to calculate so-called retroplumes, 20 days back in time.

FLEXPART includes turbulence and convection parameterizations and yields a quantitative response function to emissions eventually taken up.

Do everything twice using two independent datasets (ECMWF + GFS) to compare results and get a "feeling" for the uncertainties involved.

# What are the input data?

GFS analyses:
Resolution 1 x 1 degree
26 pressure levels
Every 3 hours

ECMWF analyses:

Resolution 1x1 degree, but 0.36 x 0.36 degree over North America and the Atlantic

60 model levels

Every 3 hours

# Simulations from Chebogue Point

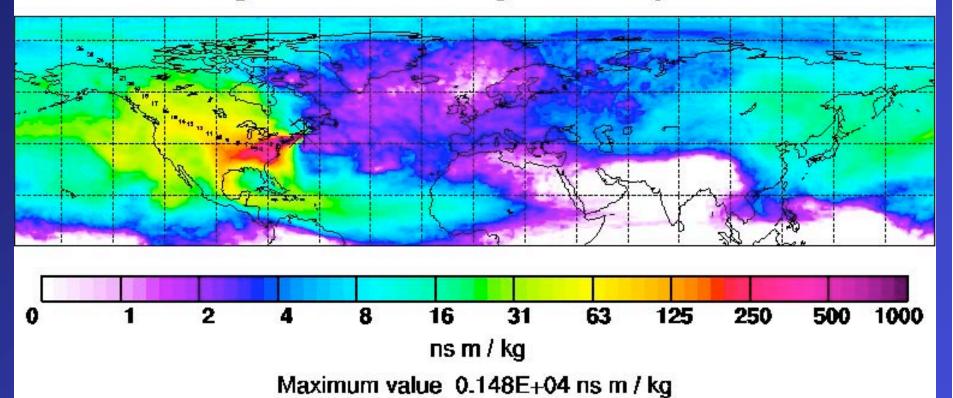
Every 3 hours, and for a 3-hour duration, 40.000 particles are released from Chebogue Point

## Column-integrated S-R-Relationship for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001

Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m

Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses

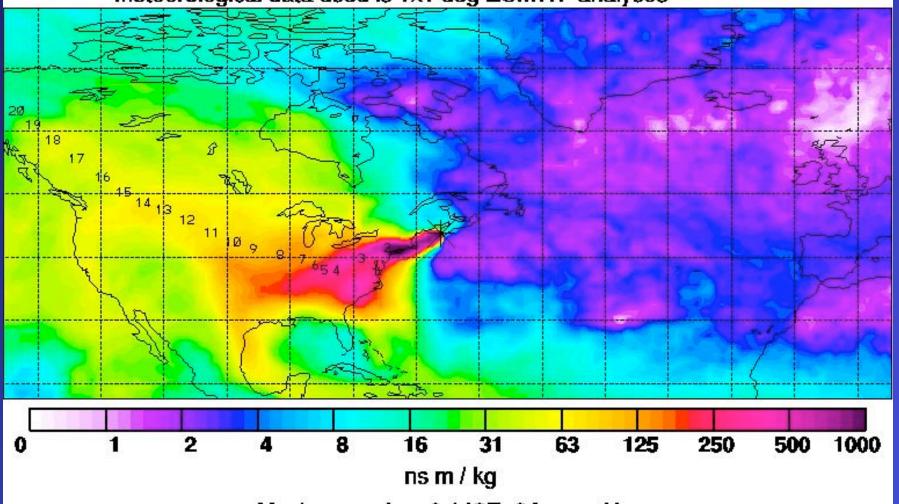


## Column-integrated S-R-Relationship for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001

Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m

Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses



Maximum value 0.148E+04 ns m / kg

### Column-integrated S-R-Relationship for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001 Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m

Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses ns m / kg

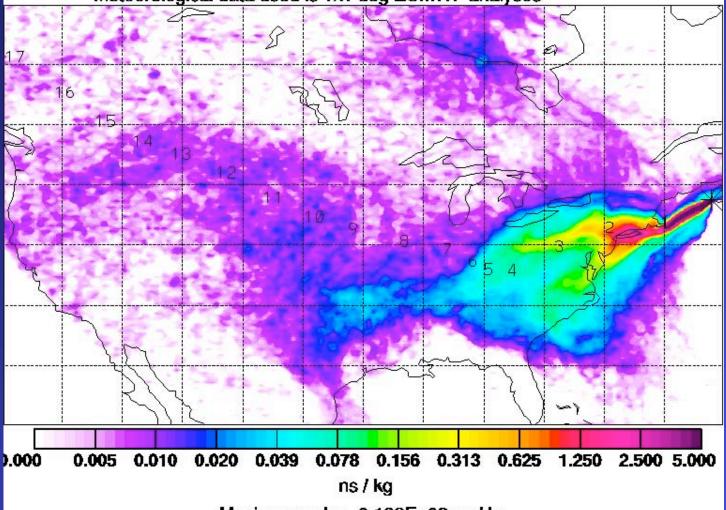
Maximum value 0.480E+04 ns m / kg

### Footprint S-R-Relationship for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001

Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m

Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses



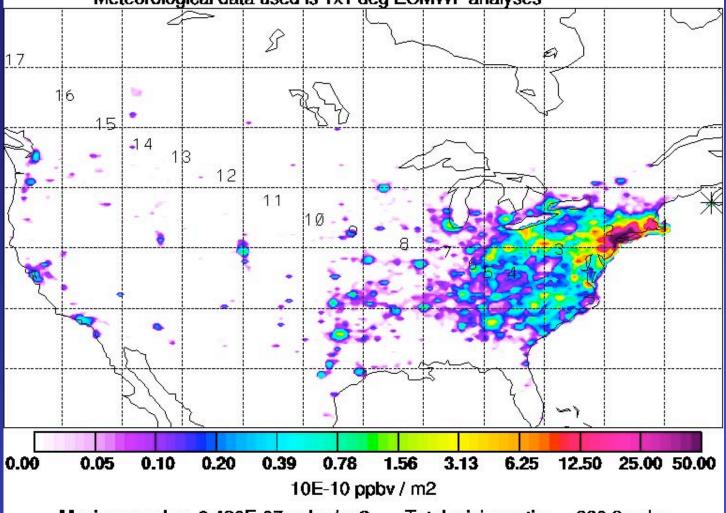
Maximum value 0.182E+02 ns / kg

### CO source contribution for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001

Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m

Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses

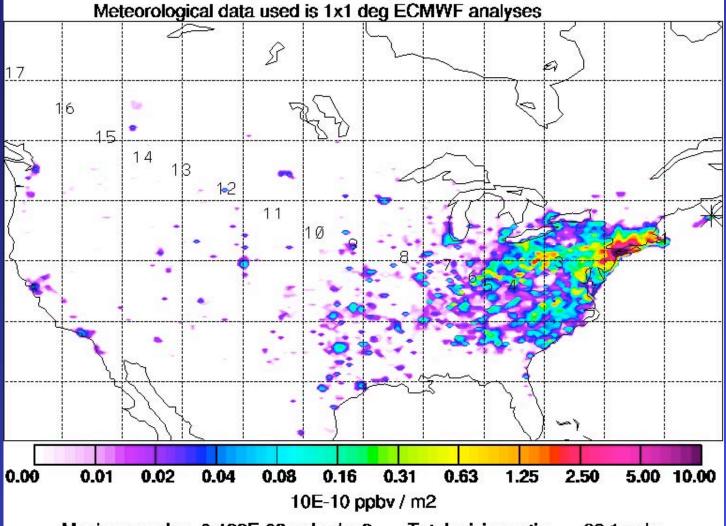


Maximum value 0.430E-07 ppbv / m2 Total mixing ratio 330.3 ppbv American 330.3 ppbv European 0.0 ppbv Asian 0.0 ppbv

### NO2 source contribution for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001

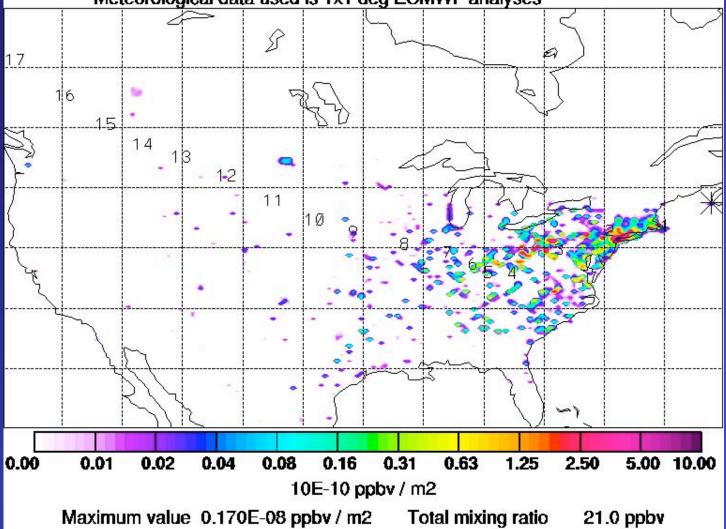
Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m



Maximum value 0.466E-08 ppbv / m2 Total mixing ratio 39.1 ppbv American 39.1 ppbv European 0.0 ppbv Asian 0.0 ppbv

#### SO2 source contribution for flight Chebogue July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001 Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses



vdqq 0.0 Asian American 21.0 ppbv European 0.0 ppbv

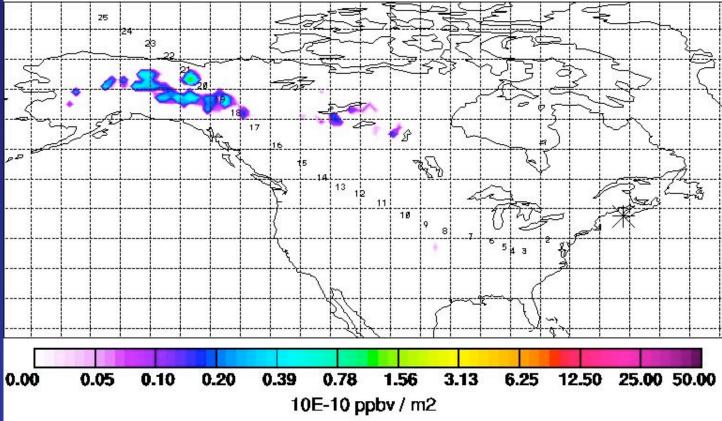
.25 x .33 degree output resolution

#### FIRE CO source contribution for flight Chebogue\_July

Start time of sampling 20040730.150001 End time of sampling 20040730.180001

Lower release height 0 m Upper release height 30 m

Meteorological data used is 1x1 deg ECMWF analyses



Maximum value 0.153E-09 ppbv / m2 Total mixing ratio 9.9 ppbv

1 x 1 degree output resolution

